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November 28, 2007

VIA ECF& REGULAR MAIL

Judge William H. Pauley, III United States District Judge Daniel Patrick Moynihan US Courthouse 500 Pearl Street, Room 2210 New York, New York 10007

Re: NYP Holdings, Inc. v. Twin City Fire Insurance Company

Docket No.: 07 Civ. 8155 (WHP)

Dear Judge Pauley:

We represent defendant Twin City Fire Insurance Company ("Twin City") in connection with the above-referenced matter. We respectfully request a pre-motion conference to address the following:

1) remanding this matter to state court as the matter in controversy is less than \$75,000; and 2) dismissing and/or partially dismissing the instant claims for relief by plaintiff NYP Holdings, Inc. ("NYP") insofar as these claims are moot and insofar as no actual case or controversy exists. Alternatively, we respectfully request that the foregoing issues be addressed at the previously scheduled pretrial conference herein – December 21, 2007 at 11:30 a.m.

By way of background, NYP commenced the instant action seeking declaratory relief against Twin City. The first claim for relief seeks a declaration that NYP is an additional insured on a certain policy of insurance purportedly issued by Twin City to Paper Service, a Division of Transervice Lease Corp. ("Transervice") and is entitled to coverage in connection with a separate declaratory

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judgment action brought by Transervice against NYP¹. More particularly, NYP claims entitlement to a defense and indemnity relative to the Transervice v. NYP action.

It is respectfully submitted that the foregoing claim is moot as the <u>Transervice v. NYP</u> action has been discontinued and the underlying personal injury action settled². After the <u>Gately v. Transervice</u> action settled, NYP and Transervice executed and filed a Stipulation of Discontinuance with Prejudice.

NYP's second claim for relief herein alleges "breach of ... contractual obligations including the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing". Presumably, NYP is claiming a breach of the purported insurance agreement. In any event, according to NYP's counsel, approximately \$13,000 was incurred by NYP in connection with NYP's defense of the <u>Transervice v. NYP</u> action³. Without admitting that NYP is entitled to these legal costs, it is respectfully noted that the undersigned has not yet had an opportunity to review counsel's invoices for professional services. Thus, the undersigned cannot comment as to whether the foregoing costs and fees are even potentially recoverable, as well as whether the costs and fees are reasonable.

NYP's counsel agrees that NYP is not entitled to any legal costs incurred in connection with NYP's prosecution of the instant action. In view of the foregoing, NYP's maximum recovery herein is \$13,000 aside from any costs or interest.

The purported basis for subject matter jurisdiction in this matter is 28 U.S.C. §1332, insofar as there is diversity of citizenship and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000. Although NYP had potential exposure in excess of \$75,000 when the instant matter was commenced⁴, there is no dispute that the amount in controversy is presently well below \$75,000.

Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Westchester, Index No.: 07979/07. This action sought contractual indemnification in connection with a personal injury action brought by John Gately in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Westchester against Transervice under Index No. 11569/05. Mr. Gately claims to have sustained personal injuries while operating a clamp truck during the course of his employment for NYP as a paper handler at a NYP newspaper facility on July 11, 2004. Transervice had certain repair and maintenance responsibilities relative to the clamp trucks. Transervice denied any negligence relative to the accident. Both Transervice and an engineering expert it retained determined that the accident was solely the fault of Mr. Gately and/or NYP.

The Gately v. Transervice action settled for the sum of \$50,000.

Only limited documentary discovery was conducted in this action. There were no depositions, motions or court appearances prior to the discontinuance of the action.

The <u>Gately v. Transervice</u> action ultimately settled for \$50,000; however, Gately's counsel had made several settlement demands in excess of this number prior to settlement.

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The undersigned discussed with NYP's counsel the possibility of discontinuing the instant action without prejudice and commencing a new action in state court. Counsel, however, was not amenable to this course of action.

Thank you for considering the foregoing. I am, of course, available at Your Honor's convenience should there be any questions.

Respectfully Submitted,

HOWARD L. COGAN (HC)8202

HLC/sa

cc: (via ECF & Regular Mail)

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